Experiment No. 1

Aim: Calculate factorial of a number inputted by user.

**Code**

def factorial(n):

    if n == 0:

        return 1

    else:

        return n \* factorial(n-1)

n = int(input("Enter a number: "))

print(factorial(n))

**Output**

#Run 1

Enter a number: 0

1

#Run 2

Enter a number: 69

171122452428141311372468338881272839092270544893520369393648040923257279754140647424000000000000000

#Run 3

Enter a number: 420

1179832395293178259148587778443982767423908163629667689799210969550884231351169347804766799500510294050388349696532084729374087533384204019322892961178819464698121263533012685335273004294789382652477324465427001701326230145911466316029644714371748823861128004214806081770714277374544632880180009063325310867611466814559562175609414340177417478580290981292661586700768075544788360242053436899439186009859147147653878644064667799709427693731208035920284052203131022083688425805265631534978481761954009800546844281261649619610291306374918025956972209823833523561696079181976208783662818235613615149296343931089295234402130043253489826928097199211074340929916161625854705227595565090740962113793308742649598603963747960941063835474664306971892700806057422478626083960243385932102946293048920279760860198799159782580284293120000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000

Experiment No. 2

Aim: Check whether the number inputted by user is a prime number or not.

**Code**

def check\_prime():

    num = int(input("Enter a number: "))

    if num > 1:

        for i in range(2, num):

            if (num % i) == 0:

                print(num, "is not a prime number")

                break

        else:

            print(num, "is a prime number")

    else:

        print(num, "is not a prime number")

check\_prime()

**Output**

#Run 1

Enter a number: 0

0 is not a prime number

#Run 2

Enter a number: 1

1 is not a prime number

#Run 3

Enter a number: 5

5 is a prime number

#Run 4

Enter a number: 15

15 is not a prime number

Experiment No. 3

Aim: Search for the existence of a substring within an inputted string.

**Code**

def search\_in\_string():

    s = input("Enter a string: ")

    t = input("Enter a substring to search in string: ")

    if t in s:

        print("Substring found")

        print("The number of times the substring is present in the string is", s.count(t))

    else:

        print("Substring not found")

search\_in\_string()

**Output**

#Run 1

Enter a string: Hello World

Enter a substring to search in string: hello

Substring not found

#Run 2

Enter a string: Hello World

Enter a substring to search in string: Hello

Substring found

The number of times the substring is present in the string is 1

Experiment No. 4

Aim: Perform Bubble Sort using a user-defined function.

**Code**

def BubbleSort():

    L = [eval(i) for i in input("Enter the list items : ").split()]

    for i in range(len(L)):

        for j in range(len(L)-1):

            if L[j] > L[j+1]:

                L[j], L[j+1] = L[j+1], L[j]

    return L

print(BubbleSort())

**Output**

#Run 1

Enter the list items : 10 5 7 8 2 4 6 1 3 9

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]

#Run 2

Enter the list items : 'Shehzad' 'Abdullahir' 'Taha' 'Farhan' 'Abhinav'

['Abdullahir', 'Abhinav', 'Farhan', 'Shehzad', 'Taha']

Experiment No. 5

Aim: Display file content line by line, with each word separated by '#".

**Code**

def split():

    f = open("data.txt", "r")

    for line in f.readlines():

        print(line.replace(' ', '#'), end='')

    f.close()

split()

**File Content**

Hello World

This is a new sentence

**Output**

Hello#World

This#is#a#new#sentence

Experiment No. 6

Aim: Count and display the number of vowels, consonants, lowercase and uppercase characters in a file.

**Code**

def count\_vowels():

    vowels = 0

    for line in L:

        for char in line:

            if char.lower() in 'aeiou':

                vowels += 1

    print("The number of vowels in the file is", vowels)

def count\_consonants():

    consonants = 0

    for line in L:

        for char in line:

            if char.isalpha() and char.lower() not in 'aeiou':

                consonants += 1

    print("The number of consonants in the file is", consonants)

def count\_lowercase():

    lowercase = 0

    for line in L:

        for char in line:

            if char.islower():

                lowercase += 1

    print("The number of lowercase letters in the file is", lowercase)

def count\_uppercase():

    uppercase = 0

    for line in L:

        for char in line:

            if char.isupper():

                uppercase += 1

    print("The number of uppercase letters in the file is", uppercase)

f = open("data.txt", "r")

L = f.readlines()

f.close()

count\_vowels()

count\_consonants()

count\_lowercase()

count\_uppercase()

**File Content**

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Praesent in placerat tortor, vitae hendrerit mauris. Vestibulum tempor non enim vitae tempor. Quisque nec varius dui, ut dapibus elit. Sed nec gravida libero. Integer euismod purus quis odio sagittis elementum. Mauris id placerat odio, sed mattis nulla. Duis eleifend eget ligula eu rhoncus. Mauris facilisis euismod quam vel rhoncus.

**Output**

The number of vowels in the file is 142

The number of consonants in the file is 179

The number of lowercase letters in the file is 312

The number of uppercase letters in the file is 9

Experiment No. 7

Aim: Create a binary file to store Roll Number and Name and perform search operations on it.

**Code**

import pickle

L = []

def add\_student():

    f = open("student.dat", "wb+")

    while True:

        roll = int(input("Enter roll number: "))

        name = input("Enter name: ")

        L.append([roll, name])

        if input("Would you like to add another student? (y/n): ") != "y":

            break

        else:

            continue

    print()

    pickle.dump(L, f)

    f.close()

def search\_student():

    roll = int(input("Enter roll number to search: "))

    f = open("student.dat", "rb")

    c = pickle.load(f)

    for i in c:

        if roll == i[0]:

            print("Roll number:", i[0], "Name:", i[1], '\n')

            break

    else:

        print("Roll number not found")

    f.close()

while True:

    print("Menu")

    print("1. Add student\n2. Search student\n3. Exit")

    choice = int(input("Enter your choice: "))

    if choice == 1:

        add\_student()

    elif choice == 2:

        search\_student()

    elif choice == 3:

        exit()

**Output**

Menu

1. Add student

2. Search student

3. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter roll number: 001

Enter name: Taha

Would you like to add another student? (y/n): y

Enter roll number: 102

Enter name: Shehzad

Would you like to add another student? (y/n): n

Menu

1. Add student

2. Search student

3. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Enter roll number to search: 102

Roll number: 102 Name: Shehzad

Menu

1. Add student

2. Search student

3. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Enter roll number to search: 103

Roll number not found

Menu

1. Add student

2. Search student

3. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Experiment No. 8

Aim: Create a binary file to store Roll Number and Name of student, and to perform search operations on it.

**Code**

import pickle

L = []

def add\_student():

    f = open("student.dat", "wb+")

    while True:

        roll = int(input("Enter roll number: "))

        name = input("Enter name: ")

        marks = int(input("Enter marks: "))

        L.append([roll, name, marks])

        if input("Would you like to add another student? (y/n): ") != "y":

            break

        else:

            continue

    print()

    pickle.dump(L, f)

    f.close()

def search\_student():

    roll = int(input("Enter roll number to search: "))

    f = open("student.dat", "rb")

    c = pickle.load(f)

    for i in c:

        if roll == i[0]:

            print("Roll number:", i[0], "Name:", i[1], "Marks: ", i[2], '\n')

            break

    else:

        print("Roll number not found")

    f.close()

def edit\_student():

    roll = int(input("Enter roll number to edit: "))

    mark = int(input("Enter new marks: "))

    f = open("student.dat", "rb")

    c = pickle.load(f)

    f.close()

    for i in c:

        if roll == i[0]:

            i[2] = mark

            f = open("student.dat", "wb")

            pickle.dump(c, f)

            f.close()

            break

    else:

        print("Roll number not found")

    print("Marks updated")

while True:

    print("Menu")

    print("1. Add student\n2. Search student\n3. Edit student\n4. Exit")

    choice = int(input("Enter your choice: "))

    if choice == 1:

        add\_student()

    elif choice == 2:

        search\_student()

    elif choice == 3:

        edit\_student()

    elif choice == 4:

        exit()

**Output**

Menu

1. Add student

2. Search student

3. Edit student

4. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter roll number: 001

Enter name: Taha

Enter marks: 99

Would you like to add another student? (y/n): y

Enter roll number: 102

Enter name: Shehzad

Enter marks: 95

Would you like to add another student? (y/n): n

Menu

1. Add student

2. Search student

3. Edit student

4. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Enter roll number to search: 001

Roll number: 1 Name: Taha Marks: 99

Menu

1. Add student

2. Search student

3. Edit student

4. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Enter roll number to edit: 102

Enter new marks: 99

Marks updated

Menu

1. Add student

2. Search student

3. Edit student

4. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Enter roll number to search: 102

Roll number: 102 Name: Shehzad Marks: 99

Menu

1. Add student

2. Search student

3. Edit student

4. Exit

Enter your choice: 4

Experiment No. 9

Aim: Copy a file into a new file except for lines containing the letter 'a'.

**Code**

f1 = open("file1.txt", "r")

f2 = open("file2.txt", "w")

c = f1.readlines()

L = []

for i in c:

    if 'a' not in i.lower():

        L.append(i)

f2.writelines(L)

f1.close()

f2.close()

**File Content**

**File1.txt**

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.

Maecenas sed diam efficitur, pretium nulla eu, fermentum purus.

Nullam lobortis est a fermentum hendrerit.

Quisque efficitur, purus at consequat iaculis, metus purus euismod quam, at imperdiet felis metus at dolor.

Nulla porta tellus urna, non tincidunt diam bibendum at.

Quisque ac risus condimentum, suscipit leo aliquet, efficitur sapien.

Sed eleifend orci ac est placerat tempus.

Phasellus accumsan ullamcorper elementum.

Quisque sed ante mattis lacus porttitor interdum.

Nunc id magna nec dolor condimentum euismod.

Hello World

**File2.txt**

Hello World

Experiment No. 10

Aim: Create a CSV file and store employee ID, name and salary. Perform search operations.

**Code**

import csv

L = []

f = open('data.csv', 'w', newline='')

writer = csv.writer(f, delimiter=',')

writer.writerow(['Employee ID', 'Employee Name', 'Employee Salary'])

f.close()

def create():

    f = open('data.csv', 'a+', newline='')

    writer = csv.writer(f, delimiter=',')

    while True:

        idno = input("Enter Employee ID: ")

        name = input("Enter Employee Name: ")

        salr = input("Enter Employee Salary: ")

        L.append([idno, name, salr])

        if input("Do you want to continue? (y/n): ").lower() != 'y':

            break

    writer.writerows(L)

    f.close()

def search():

    f = open('data.csv', 'r')

    reader = csv.reader(f, delimiter=',')

    idno = input("Enter Employee ID: ")

    for row in reader:

        if idno == row[0]:

            print("Employee ID: ", row[0], "\nEmployee Name: ", row[1], "\nEmployee Salary: ", row[2])

            break

    f.close()

while True:

    print("Menu")

    print("1. Create\n2. Search\n3. Exit")

    ch = int(input("Enter your choice: "))

    if ch == 1:

        create()

    elif ch == 2:

        search()

    elif ch == 3:

        exit()

    else:

        print("Invalid choice")

**Output**

Menu

1. Create

2. Search

3. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter Employee ID: 101

Enter Employee Name: Bob

Enter Employee Salary: 1000

Do you want to continue? (y/n): y

Enter Employee ID: 102

Enter Employee Name: Thomas

Enter Employee Salary: 1100

Do you want to continue? (y/n): n

Menu

1. Create

2. Search

3. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Enter Employee ID: 101

Employee ID: 101

Employee Name: Bob

Employee Salary: 1000

Menu

1. Create

2. Search

3. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Enter Employee ID: 103

Menu

1. Create

2. Search

3. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Experiment No. 11

Aim: Simulate a dice.

**Code**

import random

import time

def simulate\_dice():

    try:

        print("Press Ctrl+C to stop the dice")

        while True:

            n = random.randint(1, 6)

            print(n, end=' ')  # This statement can be commented out to keep the terminal clean

            time.sleep(0.001)

    except KeyboardInterrupt:

        print("\nDice stopped")

        print("Your number is", n)

simulate\_dice()

**Output**

Press Ctrl+C to stop the dice

2 5 3 1 1 6 4 5 5 5 3 1 3 1 6 4 3 5 4 2 2 3 1 4 4 3 5 1 2 4 4 2 6 1 6 1 6 3 3 5 3 4 2 3 2 3 4 6 1 2 2 6 1 1 3 5 5 2 1 2 6 5 2 3 5 5 5 2 4 2 3 3 6 2 2 2 4 3 1 4 3 2 2 1 4 3 3 2 2 5 6 4 6 4 4 6 4 1 6 5 2 4 6 1 1 5 5 6 1 3 6 5 1 5 2 1 4 5 6 5 3 6 2 3 1 5 6 1 2 5 2 1 2 3 3

Dice stopped

Your number is 3

Experiment No. 12

Aim: Implement a stack in Python using lists.

**Code**

S = []

def isEmpty(S):

    return True if len(S) == 0 else False

def push(S, x):

    S.append(x)

    top = len(S) - 1

def pop(S):

    return "Underflow" if isEmpty(S) else S.pop()

def peek(S):

    return "Underflow" if isEmpty(S) else S[-1]

def show(S):

    print("No elements in the stack") if isEmpty(S) else None

    t = len(S) - 1

    while t >= 0:

        print(S[t], end=' ')

        t -= 1

    print()

while True:

    print("Menu")

    print("1. Push\n2. Pop\n3. Peek\n4. Show\n5. Exit")

    c = int(input("Enter your choice: "))

    if c == 1:

        x = input("Enter the element to be pushed: ")

        push(S, x)

    elif c == 2:

        print(pop(S))

    elif c == 3:

        print(peek(S))

    elif c == 4:

        show(S)

    elif c == 5:

        exit()

    else:

        print("Invalid choice")

**Output**

Menu

1. Push

2. Pop

3. Peek

4. Show

5. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the element to be pushed: 1

Menu

1. Push

2. Pop

3. Peek

4. Show

5. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the element to be pushed: 3

Menu

1. Push

2. Pop

3. Peek

4. Show

5. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the element to be pushed: 5

Menu

1. Push

2. Pop

3. Peek

4. Show

5. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

5

Menu

1. Push

2. Pop

3. Peek

4. Show

5. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

3

Menu

1. Push

2. Pop

3. Peek

4. Show

5. Exit

Enter your choice: 4

3 1

Menu

1. Push

2. Pop

3. Peek

4. Show

5. Exit

Enter your choice: 5

Experiment No. 13

Aim: Linear and Binary Search using lists.

**Code**

def LinearSearch():

    L = [eval(i) for i in input("Enter the list items : ").split()]

    c = eval(input("Enter element to search : "))

    for i in range(len(L)):

        if L[i] == c:

            print("Element found at index", i)

            break

    else:

        print("Element not found")

def BinarySearch():

    L = [eval(i) for i in input("Enter the list items : ").split()]

    c = eval(input("Enter element to search : "))

    L.sort()

    low = found = 0

    high = len(L) - 1

    while low <= high:

        mid = (low + high) // 2

        if L[mid] == c:

            found = 1

            break

        elif L[mid] > c:

            high = mid - 1

        else:

            low = mid + 1

    if found == 1:

        print("Element found")

    else:

        print("Element not found")

LinearSearch()

BinarySearch()

**Output**

Enter the list items : 1 2 4 5 7 8 9 10 3 5 6

Enter element to search : 11

Element not found

Enter the list items : 1 2 4 5 7 8 9 10 3 5 6

Enter element to search : 1

Element found

Experiment No. 14

Aim: Find the most common domain in phishing emails.

**Code**

L = []

d = {}

def findmostoccuringdomain():

    while True:

        c = input("Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): ")

        if c == "q":

            break

        else:

            L.append(c)

    for i in range(len(L)):

        L[i] = L[i].split("@")[1]

    for i in L:

        d[i] = d.get(i, 0) + 1

    max = 0

    for i in d:

        if d[i] > max:

            max = d[i]

            domain = i

    print("\nMost occuring domain is", domain, "with", max, "occurences")

findmostoccuringdomain()

**Output**

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): jackpotwin@lottery.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): claimtheprize@mylife.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): youarethewinner@lottery.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): luckywinner@mylife.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): spinthewheel@flipkart.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): dealwinner@snapdeal.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): luckywinner@snapdeal.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): luckyjackpot@americanlottery.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): claimtheprize@lootolottery.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): youarelucky@mylife.com

Enter phishing emails (enter q to exit loop): q

Most occuring domain is mylife.com with 3 occurences

Experiment No. 15

Aim: Connect with a database and store employee details and display them.

**Code**

from mysql.connector import connect as c

cdb = c(user='root', password='root', host='localhost')

db = cdb.cursor()

db.execute("CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS company")

db.execute("USE company")

db.execute("CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS employee (id INT PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR(255), salary INT, department VARCHAR(255))")

cdb.commit()

def add\_records():

    while True:

        id = int(input("Enter ID: "))

        name = input("Enter Name: ")

        salary = int(input("Enter Salary: "))

        department = input("Enter Department: ")

        db.execute("INSERT INTO employee VALUES (%s, %s, %s, %s)", (id, name, salary, department))

        cdb.commit()

        print("Record Added Successfully")

        ch = input("Do you want to add more records? (y/n): ")

        if ch != 'y':

            break

def show\_records():

    db.execute("SELECT \* FROM employee")

    rs = db.fetchall()

    print("%10s" % "Employee ID", "%20s" % "Employee Name", "%10s" % "Salary", "%20s" % "Department")

    for i in rs:

        print("%7s" % i[0], "%20s" % i[1], "%12s" % i[2], "%17s" % i[3])

while True:

    print("Menu")

    print("1. Add Records\n2. Show Records\n3. Exit")

    ch = int(input("Enter your choice: "))

    if ch == 1:

        add\_records()

    elif ch == 2:

        show\_records()

    elif ch == 3:

        exit()

**Output**

Menu

1. Add Records

2. Show Records

3. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter ID: 101

Enter Name: Taha

Enter Salary: 10000

Enter Department: HR

Record Added Successfully

Do you want to add more records? (y/n): y

Enter ID: 102

Enter Name: Shehzad

Enter Salary: 10000

Enter Department: HR

Record Added Successfully

Do you want to add more records? (y/n): n

Menu

1. Add Records

2. Show Records

3. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Employee ID Employee Name Salary Department

101 Taha 10000 HR

102 Shehzad 10000 HR

Menu

1. Add Records

2. Show Records

3. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Experiment No. 16

Aim: Connect with a database and search employee details and display them.

**Code**

from mysql.connector import connect as c

cdb = c(user='root', password='root', host='localhost')

db = cdb.cursor()

db.execute("CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS company")

db.execute("USE company")

db.execute("CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS employee (id INT PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR(255), salary INT, department VARCHAR(255))")

cdb.commit()

def search\_records():

    id = int(input("Enter ID: "))

    db.execute("SELECT \* FROM employee WHERE id = %s", (id,))

    rs = db.fetchall()

    if len(rs) == 0:

        print("Employee not found")

    else:

        print("Employee ID: ", rs[0][0], "\nEmployee Name: ", rs[0][1], "\nSalary: ", rs[0][2], "\nDepartment: ", rs[0][3], "\n")

print("Employee Search")

search\_records()

**Output**

#Run 1

Employee Search

Enter ID: 101

Employee ID: 101

Employee Name: Taha

Salary: 10000

Department: HR

#Run 2

Employee Search

Enter ID: 102

Employee ID: 102

Employee Name: Shehzad

Salary: 10000

Department: HR

Experiment No. 17

Aim: Connect with a database and update employee details.

**Code**

from mysql.connector import connect as c

cdb = c(user='root', password='root', host='localhost')

db = cdb.cursor()

db.execute("CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS company")

db.execute("USE company")

db.execute("CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS employee (id INT PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR(255), salary INT, department VARCHAR(255))")

cdb.commit()

def edit\_records():

    id = int(input("Enter ID: "))

    db.execute("SELECT \* FROM employee WHERE id = %s", (id,))

    rs = db.fetchall()

    if len(rs) == 0:

        print("Employee not found")

        exit()

    else:

        print("Employee ID: ", rs[0][0], "\nEmployee Name: ", rs[0][1], "\nSalary: ", rs[0][2], "\nDepartment: ", rs[0][3], "\n")

    name = input("Enter new name: ")

    salary = int(input("Enter new salary: "))

    department = input("Enter new department: ")

    db.execute("UPDATE employee SET name = %s, salary = %s, department = %s WHERE id = %s", (name, salary, department, id))

    cdb.commit()

    print("Record updated successfully")

print("Employee Updation")

edit\_records()

**Output**

Employee Updation

Enter ID: 101

Employee ID: 101

Employee Name: Taha

Salary: 10000

Department: HR

Enter new name: Taha Parker

Enter new salary: 20000

Enter new department: IT

Record updated successfully

Experiment No. 18

Aim: Connect with a database and delete employee details.

**Code**

from mysql.connector import connect as c

cdb = c(user='root', password='root', host='localhost')

db = cdb.cursor()

db.execute("CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS company")

db.execute("USE company")

db.execute("CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS employee (id INT PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR(255), salary INT, department VARCHAR(255))")

cdb.commit()

def delete\_records():

    id = int(input("Enter ID: "))

    db.execute("SELECT \* FROM employee WHERE id = %s", (id,))

    rs = db.fetchall()

    if len(rs) == 0:

        print("Employee not found")

        exit()

    else:

        print("Employee ID: ", rs[0][0], "\nEmployee Name: ", rs[0][1], "\nSalary: ", rs[0][2], "\nDepartment: ", rs[0][3], "\n")

    ch = input("Do you want to delete this record? (y/n): ")

    if ch == "y":

        db.execute("DELETE FROM employee WHERE id = %s", (id,))

        cdb.commit()

        print("Employee deleted successfully")

    else:

        print("Employee not deleted")

        exit()

print("Employee Deletion")

delete\_records()

**Output**

Employee Deletion

Enter ID: 102

Employee ID: 102

Employee Name: Shehzad

Salary: 10000

Department: HR

Do you want to delete this record? (y/n): y

Record deleted successfully

Experiment No. 19

Aim: Write a method CREATE() to create an EMP.csv file with the following details:

* id to store employee number of integer type
* name to store employee name of string type
* dept to store their respective department of string type
* basic to store basic salary of respective employee
* hra to be calculated from his/her basic salary which is 10% of basic
* sal to be calculated as salary = basic + hra

**Code**

import csv

def create():

    f = open('employee.csv', 'w', newline='')

    w = csv.writer(f)

    w.writerow(['ID', 'Name', 'Salary', 'Department'])

    f.flush()

    while True:

        id = int(input("Enter ID: "))

        name = input("Enter Name: ")

        dept = input("Enter Department: ")

        basic = int(input("Enter Basic Salary: "))

        hra = 0.1 \* basic  # House Rent Allowance

        sal = basic + hra

        w.writerow([id, name, dept, str(basic), str(hra), str(sal)])

        f.flush()

        ch = input("Do you want to add more records? (y/n): ")

        if ch != 'y':

            break

    f.close()

create()

**Output**

Enter ID: 101

Enter Name: Taha

Enter Department: IT

Enter Basic Salary: 1000

Do you want to add more records? (y/n): y

Enter ID: 102

Enter Name: Shehzad

Enter Department: HR

Enter Basic Salary: 1000

Do you want to add more records? (y/n): n

**File Content**

ID,Name,Salary,Department

101,Taha,IT,1000,100.0,1100.0

102,Shehzad,HR,1000,100.0,1100.0

Experiment No. 20

Aim: Copy file1.csv into file2.csv.

**Code**

import csv

def copy():

    f = open('csv1.csv', 'r')

    if not f:

        print("File not found!")

        exit()

    r = csv.reader(f)

    f1 = open('csv2.csv', 'w', newline='')

    w = csv.writer(f1)

    for row in r:

        w.writerow(row)

    f.close()

    f1.close()

copy()

**File Content**

**csv1.csv**

Name,Abbreviation,Numeric

January,Jan,1

Feburary,Feb,2

March,Mar,3

April,Apr,4

May,May,5

June,June,6

July,July,7

August,Aug,8

September,Sept,9

October,Oct,10

November,Nov,11

December,Dec,12

**csv2.csv**

Name,Abbreviation,Numeric

January,Jan,1

Feburary,Feb,2

March,Mar,3

April,Apr,4

May,May,5

June,June,6

July,July,7

August,Aug,8

September,Sept,9

October,Oct,10

November,Nov,11

December,Dec,12

1. **Display all the existing databases in your system**

mysql> SHOW databases;

+--------------------+

| Database |

+--------------------+

| information\_schema |

| mysql |

| performance\_schema |

| sys |

+--------------------+

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Create a database 2022**

mysql> CREATE DATABASE AY2022;

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

1. **Check whether 2022 database created or not**

mysql> SHOW databases;

+--------------------+

| Database |

+--------------------+

| ay2022 |

| information\_schema |

| mysql |

| performance\_schema |

| sys |

+--------------------+

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Open database 2022**

mysql> USE AY2022;

Database changed

1. **Create a table STUDENT with the following specifications:**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| FIELD NAME | DATA TYPE AND SIZE | CONSTRAINTS |
| ROLL\_NO | INT(5) |  |
| STUD\_NAME | VARCHAR(35) |  |
| STREAM | CHAR(20) |  |
| MARK1 | DECIMAL(6,2) |  |
| MARK2 | DECIMAL(6,2) |  |
| DOB | DATE |  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ROLL\_NO | STUD\_NAME | STREAM | MARK1 | MARK2 | DOB |
| 101 | Surya Takur | Science | 90 | 87 | 10/10/1990 |
| 102 | Chris Tom | Humanities | 88 | 91 | 5/1/1994 |
| 103 | Abel George | Commerce | 93 | 95 | 7/10/1993 |
| 104 | Nathel Pillai | Science | 56 | 58 | 8/8/1994 |

mysql> CREATE TABLE student (ROLL\_NO INT(5), STUD\_NAME VARCHAR(35), STREAM CHAR(20), MARK1 DECIMAL(6,2), MARK2 DECIMAL(6,2), DOB DATE);

Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (0.00 sec)

1. **Display all the existing table in the database 2022**

mysql> SHOW tables;

+------------------+

| Tables\_in\_ay2022 |

+------------------+

| student |

+------------------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Delete the table STUDENT and check.**

mysql> DROP table student;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> SHOW tables;

Empty set (0.00 sec)

1. **Create a table TEACHER with the following specifications in the database AY2022:**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| FIELD NAME | DATA TYPE AND SIZE | CONSTRAINTS |
| TR\_ID | INT(10) |  |
| TR\_NAME | VARCHAR(35) |  |
| TR\_SAL | DECIMAL(15,2) |  |
| ROLL\_NO | INT(5) |  |

mysql> CREATE TABLE teacher (TR\_ID INT(10), TR\_NAME VARCHAR(35), TR\_SAL DECIMAL(15,2), ROLL\_NO INT(5));

Query OK, 0 rows affected, 2 warnings (0.00 sec)

1. **Insert values given to STUDENT table.**

mysql> INSERT INTO student VALUES(101, 'Surya Takur', 'Science', 90, 87, '1990/10/10');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO student VALUES(102, 'Chris Tom', 'Humanities', 88, 91, '1994/1/5');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO student VALUES(103, 'Abel George', 'Commerce', 93, 95, '1993/10/7');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO student VALUES(104, 'Nathel Pillai', 'Science', 56, 58, '1994/8/8');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

1. **Display the structure of the STUDENT table.**

mysql> desc student;

+-----------+--------------+------+-----+---------+-------+

| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |

+-----------+--------------+------+-----+---------+-------+

| ROLL\_NO | int | YES | | NULL | |

| STUD\_NAME | varchar(35) | YES | | NULL | |

| STREAM | char(20) | YES | | NULL | |

| MARK1 | decimal(6,2) | YES | | NULL | |

| MARK2 | decimal(6,2) | YES | | NULL | |

| DOB | date | YES | | NULL | |

+-----------+--------------+------+-----+---------+-------+

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Delete the table TEACHER and check**

mysql> DROP TABLE teacher;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

1. **Create a database SCHOOL, display all databases, delete it and check.**

mysql> CREATE DATABASE school;

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> DROP DATABASE school;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

1. **Display all the contents from STUDENT table.**

mysql> SELECT \* FROM student;

+---------+---------------+------------+-------+-------+------------+

| ROLL\_NO | STUD\_NAME | STREAM | MARK1 | MARK2 | DOB |

+---------+---------------+------------+-------+-------+------------+

| 101 | Surya Takur | Science | 90.00 | 87.00 | 1990-10-10 |

| 102 | Chris Tom | Humanities | 88.00 | 91.00 | 1994-01-05 |

| 103 | Abel George | Commerce | 93.00 | 95.00 | 1993-10-07 |

| 104 | Nathel Pillai | Science | 56.00 | 58.00 | 1994-08-08 |

+---------+---------------+------------+-------+-------+------------+

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display all the contents from STUDENT table.**

mysql> SELECT stud\_name, stream FROM STUDENT;

+---------------+------------+

| stud\_name | stream |

+---------------+------------+

| Surya Takur | Science |

| Chris Tom | Humanities |

| Abel George | Commerce |

| Nathel Pillai | Science |

+---------------+------------+

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display all the students in science stream.**

mysql> SELECT stud\_name FROM student WHERE stream='Science';

+---------------+

| stud\_name |

+---------------+

| Surya Takur |

| Nathel Pillai |

+---------------+

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display all student name and both marks whose mark1 is greater than 89.**

mysql> SELECT stud\_name, mark1, mark2 FROM student WHERE mark1 > 89;

+-------------+-------+-------+

| stud\_name | mark1 | mark2 |

+-------------+-------+-------+

| Surya Takur | 90.00 | 87.00 |

| Abel George | 93.00 | 95.00 |

+-------------+-------+-------+

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display all student details whose mark2 is between 91 and 95.**

mysql> SELECT \* FROM student WHERE mark2 BETWEEN 91 AND 95;

+---------+-------------+------------+-------+-------+------------+

| ROLL\_NO | STUD\_NAME | STREAM | MARK1 | MARK2 | DOB |

+---------+-------------+------------+-------+-------+------------+

| 102 | Chris Tom | Humanities | 88.00 | 91.00 | 1994-01-05 |

| 103 | Abel George | Commerce | 93.00 | 95.00 | 1993-10-07 |

+---------+-------------+------------+-------+-------+------------+

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display all student details whose Date of Birth is after January 1, 1994.**

mysql> SELECT \* FROM student WHERE DOB >= '1994-01-01';

+---------+---------------+------------+-------+-------+------------+

| ROLL\_NO | STUD\_NAME | STREAM | MARK1 | MARK2 | DOB |

+---------+---------------+------------+-------+-------+------------+

| 102 | Chris Tom | Humanities | 88.00 | 91.00 | 1994-01-05 |

| 104 | Nathel Pillai | Science | 56.00 | 58.00 | 1994-08-08 |

+---------+---------------+------------+-------+-------+------------+

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display all student details whose Date of Birth is January 1, 1994.**

mysql> SELECT \* FROM student WHERE DOB = '1994-01-01';

Empty set (0.00 sec)

1. **Insert using field names and using null**

mysql> INSERT INTO student VALUES(110, 'Karthik Kiran', null, 100, null, '1993/10/10');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO student(roll\_no, stud\_name, dob) VALUES(111, 'Jerry John', '1994/11/19');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

1. **Display all the records with either mark1 or mark2 is null**

mysql> SELECT \* FROM student WHERE mark1 IS NULL OR mark2 IS NULL;

+---------+---------------+--------+--------+-------+------------+

| ROLL\_NO | STUD\_NAME | STREAM | MARK1 | MARK2 | DOB |

+---------+---------------+--------+--------+-------+------------+

| 110 | Karthik Kiran | NULL | 100.00 | NULL | 1993-10-10 |

| 111 | Jerry John | NULL | NULL | NULL | 1994-11-19 |

+---------+---------------+--------+--------+-------+------------+

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display all the records with either mark1 or mark2 is not null**

mysql> SELECT \* FROM student WHERE mark1 IS NOT NULL OR MARK2 IS NOT NULL;

+---------+---------------+------------+--------+-------+------------+

| ROLL\_NO | STUD\_NAME | STREAM | MARK1 | MARK2 | DOB |

+---------+---------------+------------+--------+-------+------------+

| 101 | Surya Takur | Science | 90.00 | 87.00 | 1990-10-10 |

| 102 | Chris Tom | Humanities | 88.00 | 91.00 | 1994-01-05 |

| 103 | Abel George | Commerce | 93.00 | 95.00 | 1993-10-07 |

| 104 | Nathel Pillai | Science | 56.00 | 58.00 | 1994-08-08 |

| 110 | Karthik Kiran | NULL | 100.00 | NULL | 1993-10-10 |

+---------+---------------+------------+--------+-------+------------+

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display all the streams available in STUDENT table without duplicating.**

mysql> SELECT DISTINCT stream FROM student;

+------------+

| stream |

+------------+

| Science |

| Humanities |

| Commerce |

| NULL |

+------------+

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display the student names along with roll number with appropriate field names as student name and roll number (alias names / another name)**

mysql> SELECT roll\_no ROLL\_NUMBER, stud\_name STUDENT\_NAME FROM student;

+-------------+---------------+

| ROLL\_NUMBER | STUDENT\_NAME |

+-------------+---------------+

| 101 | Surya Takur |

| 102 | Chris Tom |

| 103 | Abel George |

| 104 | Nathel Pillai |

| 110 | Karthik Kiran |

| 111 | Jerry John |

+-------------+---------------+

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display student names along with date of birth whose mark2 is 91 and 95 (using IN operator)**

mysql> SELECT stud\_name, dob FROM student WHERE mark2 IN (91,95);

+-------------+------------+

| stud\_name | dob |

+-------------+------------+

| Chris Tom | 1994-01-05 |

| Abel George | 1993-10-07 |

+-------------+------------+

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display all the student details whose date of birth is in the year 1994 (using year() function)**

mysql> SELECT \* FROM student WHERE year(dob)='1994';

+---------+---------------+------------+-------+-------+------------+

| ROLL\_NO | STUD\_NAME | STREAM | MARK1 | MARK2 | DOB |

+---------+---------------+------------+-------+-------+------------+

| 102 | Chris Tom | Humanities | 88.00 | 91.00 | 1994-01-05 |

| 104 | Nathel Pillai | Science | 56.00 | 58.00 | 1994-08-08 |

| 111 | Jerry John | NULL | NULL | NULL | 1994-11-19 |

+---------+---------------+------------+-------+-------+------------+

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display the student roll number along with student name whose date of birth is in October month (using month() function)**

mysql> SELECT roll\_no, stud\_name FROM student WHERE month(dob)='10';

+---------+---------------+

| roll\_no | stud\_name |

+---------+---------------+

| 101 | Surya Takur |

| 103 | Abel George |

| 110 | Karthik Kiran |

+---------+---------------+

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display the student roll number along with student name whose date of birth is in date after 9th of the month (using day() function)**

mysql> SELECT roll\_no, stud\_name FROM student where day(dob)>9;

+---------+---------------+

| roll\_no | stud\_name |

+---------+---------------+

| 101 | Surya Takur |

| 110 | Karthik Kiran |

| 111 | Jerry John |

+---------+---------------+

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display all the stream names ending with the letter 'e' from the table STUDENT**

mysql> SELECT stream FROM student WHERE stream LIKE "%e%";

+------------+

| stream |

+------------+

| Science |

| Humanities |

| Commerce |

| Science |

+------------+

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display student names that contain the letter 'i'**

mysql> SELECT stud\_name FROM student WHERE stud\_name LIKE "%i%";

+---------------+

| stud\_name |

+---------------+

| Chris Tom |

| Nathel Pillai |

| Karthik Kiran |

+---------------+

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display the student names whose first names have EXACTLY 4 characters**

mysql> SELECT stud\_name FROM student WHERE stud\_name LIKE "\_\_\_\_ %";

+-------------+

| stud\_name |

+-------------+

| Abel George |

+-------------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display stream names whose third character is the letter 'm'**

mysql> SELECT stud\_name FROM student WHERE stream LIKE "\_\_m%";

+-------------+

| stud\_name |

+-------------+

| Chris Tom |

| Abel George |

+-------------+

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display student name along with the date of birth whose date of birth is in October**

mysql> SELECT stud\_name, dob FROM student WHERE dob LIKE "%-10-%";

+---------------+------------+

| stud\_name | dob |

+---------------+------------+

| Surya Takur | 1990-10-10 |

| Abel George | 1993-10-07 |

| Karthik Kiran | 1993-10-10 |

+---------------+------------+

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display student names in descending order**

mysql> SELECT stud\_name FROM student ORDER BY stud\_name DESC;

+---------------+

| stud\_name |

+---------------+

| Surya Takur |

| Nathel Pillai |

| Karthik Kiran |

| Jerry John |

| Chris Tom |

| Abel George |

+---------------+

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display student names and date of birth from science stream in the ascending order of birth**

mysql> SELECT stud\_name, dob FROM student WHERE stream="Science" ORDER BY dob;

+---------------+------------+

| stud\_name | dob |

+---------------+------------+

| Surya Takur | 1990-10-10 |

| Nathel Pillai | 1994-08-08 |

+---------------+------------+

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display stream names whose length is more than 7 characters**

mysql> SELECT stream FROM student WHERE length(stream)>7;

+------------+

| stream |

+------------+

| Humanities |

| Commerce |

+------------+

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Change the date of birth of roll no 102 as 1/5/1994**

mysql> UPDATE student SET dob="1994-5-1" WHERE roll\_no=102;

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

1. **Increase the mark1 for all students by 2.**

mysql> UPDATE student SET mark1=mark1+2;

Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Rows matched: 6 Changed: 5 Warnings: 0

1. **Change the name of student Nathel Pillai to Nithin Pillai whose roll number is 104.**

mysql> UPDATE student SET stud\_name="Nithin Pillai" WHERE roll\_no=104;

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

1. **Delete student details who score less than 88 in both marks**

mysql> DELETE FROM student WHERE mark1<88 AND mark2<88;

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

1. **Delete all the contents from student table**

mysql> DELETE FROM student;

Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.00 sec)

1. **Create a view ‘name’ from student table with roll number and student name whose both marks are above 90**

mysql> CREATE VIEW name AS SELECT roll\_no, stud\_name FROM student WHERE mark1>90 AND mark2>90;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

1. **Delete the view ‘name’ from the AY2022 database**

mysql> DROP VIEW name;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

1. **Add a column LOCATION to student table with data type char of size 50**

mysql> ALTER TABLE student ADD COLUMN location char(50);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> DESC student;

+-----------+--------------+------+-----+---------+-------+

| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |

+-----------+--------------+------+-----+---------+-------+

| ROLL\_NO | int | YES | | NULL | |

| STUD\_NAME | varchar(35) | YES | | NULL | |

| STREAM | char(20) | YES | | NULL | |

| MARK1 | decimal(6,2) | YES | | NULL | |

| MARK2 | decimal(6,2) | YES | | NULL | |

| DOB | date | YES | | NULL | |

| location | varchar(50) | YES | | NULL | |

+-----------+--------------+------+-----+---------+-------+

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Delete the column LOCATION from the student table**

mysql> ALTER TABLE student DROP COLUMN location;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> DESC student;

+-----------+--------------+------+-----+---------+-------+

| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |

+-----------+--------------+------+-----+---------+-------+

| ROLL\_NO | int | YES | | NULL | |

| STUD\_NAME | varchar(35) | YES | | NULL | |

| STREAM | char(20) | YES | | NULL | |

| MARK1 | decimal(6,2) | YES | | NULL | |

| MARK2 | decimal(6,2) | YES | | NULL | |

| DOB | date | YES | | NULL | |

+-----------+--------------+------+-----+---------+-------+

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Modify column LOCATION details as data type varchar of size 40.**

mysql> ALTER TABLE student MODIFY location varchar(40);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> desc STUDENT;

+-----------+--------------+------+-----+---------+-------+

| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |

+-----------+--------------+------+-----+---------+-------+

| roll\_no | int(5) | NO | PRI | NULL | |

| stud\_name | varchar(35) | YES | | NULL | |

| stream | char(20) | YES | | NULL | |

| mark1 | decimal(6,2) | YES | | NULL | |

| mark2 | decimal(6,2) | YES | | NULL | |

| dob | date | YES | | NULL | |

| location | varchar(40) | YES | | NULL | |

+-----------+--------------+------+-----+---------+-------+

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Rename the column LOCATION from the student table as STREET with varchar data type and size 90.**

mysql> ALTER TABLE student CHANGE location street varchar(90);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> DESC student;

+-----------+--------------+------+-----+---------+-------+

| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |

+-----------+--------------+------+-----+---------+-------+

| roll\_no | int(5) | NO | PRI | NULL | |

| stud\_name | varchar(35) | YES | | NULL | |

| stream | char(20) | YES | | NULL | |

| mark1 | decimal(6,2) | YES | | NULL | |

| mark2 | decimal(6,2) | YES | | NULL | |

| dob | date | YES | | NULL | |

| street | varchar(90) | YES | | NULL | |

+-----------+--------------+------+-----+---------+-------+

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display the total mark1 marks from student table.**

mysql> SELECT SUM(mark1) FROM student;

+------------+

| sum(mark1) |

+------------+

| 327.00 |

+------------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display senior-most and junior-most student from the student table.**

mysql> SELECT MIN(dob), MAX(dob) FROM student;

+------------+------------+

| min(dob) | max(dob) |

+------------+------------+

| 1990-10-10 | 1994-08-08 |

+------------+------------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display the number of students whose mark1 is more than 90 marks.**

mysql> SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM student WHERE mark1>90;

+----------+

| COUNT(\*) |

+----------+

| 1 |

+----------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display the average marks from mark2 whose second name starts with the letter ‘t’, round off to two dp.**

mysql> SELECT round(AVG(mark2),2) FROM student WHERE stud\_name LIKE "% T%";

+---------------------+

| round(AVG(mark2),2) |

+---------------------+

| 89.00 |

+---------------------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display all student details date of birth wise whose names contains letter ‘a’.**

mysql> SELECT \* FROM student WHERE stud\_name LIKE "%a%" GROUP BY dob;

+---------+---------------+----------+-------+-------+------------+--------+

| roll\_no | stud\_name | stream | mark1 | mark2 | dob | street |

+---------+---------------+----------+-------+-------+------------+--------+

| 101 | Surya Takur | Science | 90.00 | 87.00 | 1990-10-10 | Dubai |

| 103 | Abel George | Commerce | 93.00 | 95.00 | 1993-10-07 | Dubai |

| 104 | Nathel Pillai | Science | 56.00 | 58.00 | 1994-08-08 | Dubai |

+---------+---------------+----------+-------+-------+------------+--------+

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> SELECT \* FROM student GROUP BY dob HAVING stud\_name LIKE "%a%";

+---------+---------------+----------+-------+-------+------------+--------+

| roll\_no | stud\_name | stream | mark1 | mark2 | dob | street |

+---------+---------------+----------+-------+-------+------------+--------+

| 101 | Surya Takur | Science | 90.00 | 87.00 | 1990-10-10 | Dubai |

| 103 | Abel George | Commerce | 93.00 | 95.00 | 1993-10-07 | Dubai |

| 104 | Nathel Pillai | Science | 56.00 | 58.00 | 1994-08-08 | Dubai |

+---------+---------------+----------+-------+-------+------------+--------+

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display number of students in each stream**

mysql> SELECT stream, COUNT(stud\_name) FROM student GROUP BY stream;

+------------+------------------+

| stream | COUNT(stud\_name) |

+------------+------------------+

| Commerce | 1 |

| Humanities | 1 |

| Science | 2 |

+------------+------------------+

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display number of students in each stream whose date of birth is after 1990**

mysql> SELECT stream, COUNT(stud\_name) FROM student WHERE YEAR(dob)>=1990 GROUP BY stream;

+------------+------------------+

| stream | COUNT(stud\_name) |

+------------+------------------+

| Science | 2 |

| Humanities | 1 |

| Commerce | 1 |

+------------+------------------+

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1. **Display all details from teacher and student tables who mark1 is greater than 90**

mysql> SELECT \* FROM student, teacher WHERE student.roll\_no=teacher.roll\_no AND mark1>90;

+---------+-------------+----------+-------+-------+------------+--------+-------+------------+---------+---------+

| roll\_no | stud\_name | stream | mark1 | mark2 | dob | street | tr\_id | tr\_name | tr\_sal | roll\_no |

+---------+-------------+----------+-------+-------+------------+--------+-------+------------+---------+---------+

| 103 | Abel George | Commerce | 93.00 | 95.00 | 1993-10-07 | Dubai | 999 | Elias John | 9900.00 | 103 |

+---------+-------------+----------+-------+-------+------------+--------+-------+------------+---------+---------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

**Write the output for the following MySQL Commands:**

1. **SELECT POW(5,2), POW(2,5);**

mysql> SELECT POW(5,2), POW(2,5);

+----------+----------+

| POW(5,2) | POW(2,5) |

+----------+----------+

| 25 | 32 |

+----------+----------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

1. **SELECT ROUND(576.9875,2), ROUND(576.9875), ROUND(576.9875,-1);**

mysql> SELECT ROUND(576.9875,2), ROUND(576.9875), ROUND(576.9875,-1);

+-------------------+-----------------+--------------------+

| ROUND(576.9875,2) | ROUND(576.9875) | ROUND(576.9875,-1) |

+-------------------+-----------------+--------------------+

| 576.99 | 577 | 580 |

+-------------------+-----------------+--------------------+

1 row in set (0.01 sec)

1. **SELECT TRUNCATE(576.9875,2),TRUNCATE(576.9875,-1);**

mysql> SELECT TRUNCATE(576.9875,2),TRUNCATE(576.9875,-1);

+----------------------+-----------------------+

| TRUNCATE(576.9875,2) | TRUNCATE(576.9875,-1) |

+----------------------+-----------------------+

| 576.98 | 570 |

+----------------------+-----------------------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

1. **SELECT LENGTH("Never Gonna Give You Up");**

mysql> SELECT LENGTH("Never Gonna Give You Up");

+-----------------------------------+

| LENGTH("Never Gonna Give You Up") |

+-----------------------------------+

| 23 |

+-----------------------------------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

1. **SELECT CONCAT("Rick ","Astley")"Full Name";**

mysql> SELECT CONCAT("Rick ","Astley")"Full Name";

+-------------+

| Full Name |

+-------------+

| Rick Astley |

+-------------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

1. **SELECT YEAR(CURDATE()), MONTH(CURDATE()), DAY(CURDATE());**

mysql> SELECT YEAR(CURDATE()), MONTH(CURDATE()), DAY(CURDATE());

+-----------------+------------------+----------------+

| YEAR(CURDATE()) | month(CURDATE()) | day(CURDATE()) |

+-----------------+------------------+----------------+

| 2022 | 11 | 19 |

+-----------------+------------------+----------------+

1 row in set (0.01 sec)

1. **SELECT DAYOFYEAR(CURDATE()), DAYOFMONTH(CURDATE()), DAYNAME(CURDATE());**

mysql> SELECT DAYOFYEAR(CURDATE()), DAYOFMONTH(CURDATE()), DAYNAME(CURDATE());

+----------------------+-----------------------+--------------------+

| DAYOFYEAR(CURDATE()) | DAYOFMONTH(CURDATE()) | DAYNAME(CURDATE()) |

+----------------------+-----------------------+--------------------+

| 323 | 19 | Saturday |

+----------------------+-----------------------+--------------------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

1. **SELECT LEFT("Unicode", 3),RIGHT("Unicode", 4);**

mysql> SELECT LEFT("Unicode", 3),RIGHT("Unicode", 4);

+--------------------+---------------------+

| LEFT("Unicode", 3) | RIGHT("Unicode", 4) |

+--------------------+---------------------+

| Uni | code |

+--------------------+---------------------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

1. **SELECT INSTR("UnitedWeStand", "it"), INSTR("UnitedWeStand", "ye");**

mysql> SELECT INSTR("UnitedWeStand", "it"), INSTR("UnitedWeStand", "ye");

+------------------------------+------------------------------+

| INSTR("UnitedWeStand", "it") | INSTR("UnitedWeStand", "ye") |

+------------------------------+------------------------------+

| 3 | 0 |

+------------------------------+------------------------------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

1. **SELECT MID("UnitedWeStand", 5, 6), SUBSTR("UnitedWeStand", 1);**

mysql> SELECT MID("UnitedWeStand", 5, 6), SUBSTR("UnitedWeStand", 1);

+----------------------------+----------------------------+

| MID("UnitedWeStand", 5, 6) | SUBSTR("UnitedWeStand", 1) |

+----------------------------+----------------------------+

| edWeSt | UnitedWeStand |

+----------------------------+----------------------------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)